

UROVANT SCIENCES

CORPORATE PRESENTATION

April 2019

UROVANT
SCIENCES

This presentation contains forward-looking statements, including without limitation, statements related to: our plans to file for approval of vibegron with the FDA, and the timing of such filing and the likelihood of FDA approval; our ability to successfully develop Vibegron in the United States and other major markets, including meeting clinical endpoints and adequacy of clinical trial results; our ability to commence and complete new clinical trials, including for URO-902, as planned and on expected timelines; the commercial potential for Vibegron, including market size, reimbursement status, potential expanded indications and product differentiation relative to competitors; and the expected duration of patent protection. Forward-looking statements can be identified by "anticipate," "believe," "can," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "likely," "may," "might," "objective," "ongoing," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "to be," "will," "would," or the negative or plural of these words or other similar expressions or variations, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Urovant cannot assure you that the events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur and actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors known and unknown that could cause actual results and the timing of certain events to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

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These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those identified herein, and other risks and uncertainties in the section titled "Risk Factors" set forth in Urovant's Form 10-Q, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 14, 2019, as well as any other future filings with the SEC available at www.sec.gov.

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UROVANT

Investment Highlights



Vibegron: positive EMPOWUR Phase 3 results announced in March 2019

- Achieved statistical significance in both co-primary endpoints and all seven key secondary endpoints with a favorable safety profile
- Potential best in class treatment option for OAB patients
- NDA filing planned by early 2020



Blockbuster potential for vibegron

- OAB category has created multiple blockbuster products due to high unmet need and rapid patient turnover
- Currently marketed β 3 agonist sales in the Americas for FY2018 expected to reach \$800 million (+23% y/y)
- Potential to become a highly differentiated β 3 agonist with opportunity for significant market share across OAB therapies¹



Multiple large-market clinical programs under development

- Potential for vibegron to be the first product approved for OAB in men with benign prostatic hyperplasia, a **2 million patient opportunity**
- Potential for vibegron to address significant unmet need in the **7+ million patients** with pain associated with irritable bowel syndrome (IBS)
- Potential for URO-902 to be **first gene therapy** approved for OAB



Management team with demonstrated track record of success at Avanir Pharmaceuticals and Allergan

- Experienced team in building successful pharmaceutical companies and creating shareholder value
- Vision: To make Urovant **THE Leading Urology Specialty Company**

LATE-STAGE PIPELINE IN UROLOGY

DRUG CANDIDATE	INDICATION	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	UPCOMING MILESTONE
Vibegron	Overactive Bladder (OAB)				NDA Submission by Q1 2020
	OAB in Men with BPH				Completion of Part 1 2H 2019
	IBS-Associated Pain				Phase 2a Top-Line 2020
URO-902	OAB				Phase 2a Initiation Q4 2019

Focused business development activities to support our vision of being a leading urology company

Initial Target Areas: OAB (spectrum of care), Bladder Cancer, urology rare diseases and other urological conditions predominately treated by urologists

OAB MARKET OVERVIEW



A LARGE,
WELL
DEFINED
POPULATION

- More than 30 million Americans over 40 years old suffer from bothersome symptoms of OAB¹
 - 46% of these patients, or approximately 14 million people, talk to their physician about symptoms²
 - Over 18 million prescriptions written per year in the US alone³
- Sudden urgency to urinate that is difficult to control; sometimes leads to accidental wetting
- OAB can lead to depression, anxiety and have a negative impact on sexual function, relationships, and quality of life⁴
- Need for novel treatments given shortcomings with existing therapies⁵

1 Coyne et al., EpiLUTS 2007

2 Benner et al., J Urol 2009

3 IQVIA (IMS) NPA MAT 12 month Rx data ending Dec 2018

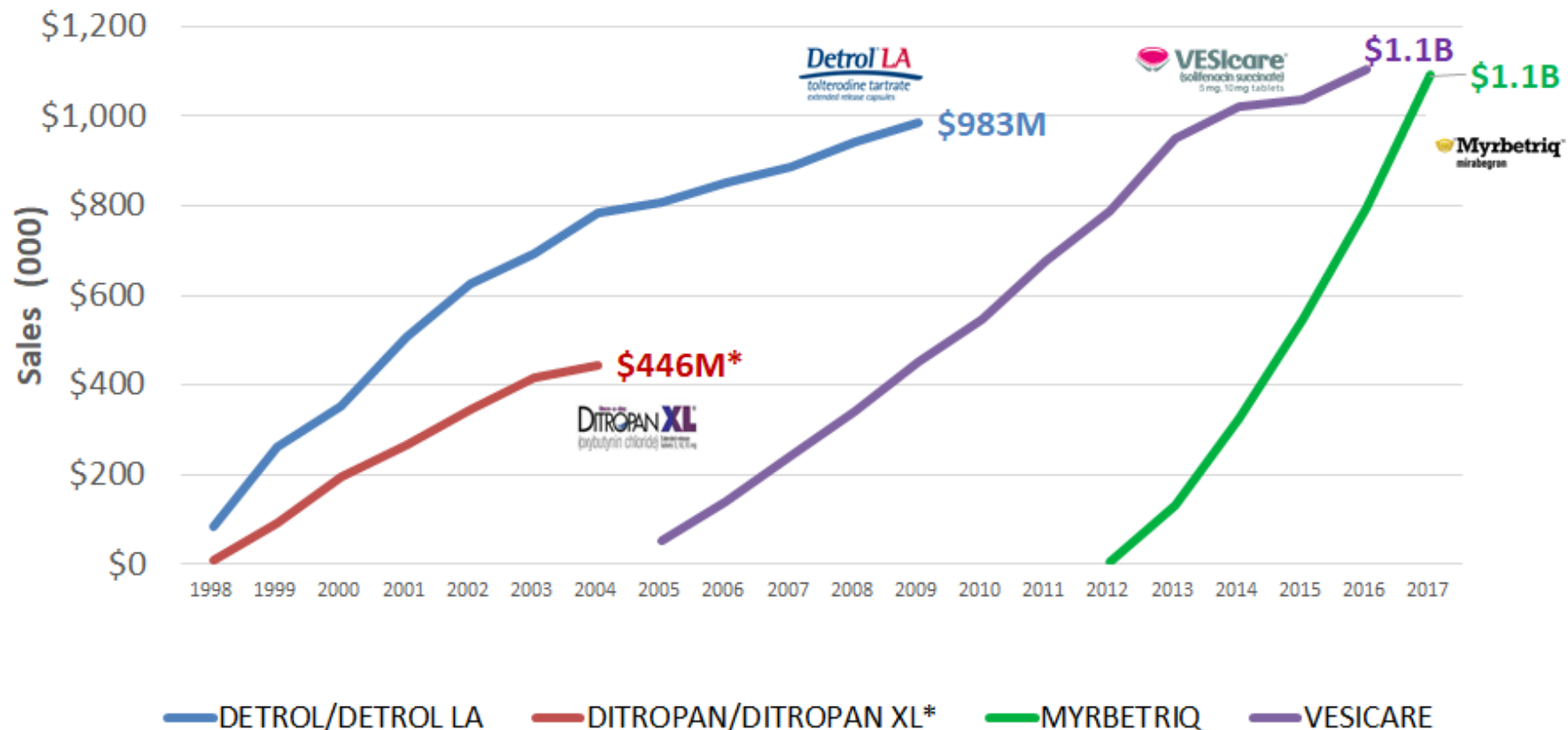
4 Systematic Review of the Burden of Illness in Overactive Bladder

5 Chancellor et al., Clin Therapies 2013

BLOCKBUSTER OAB BRANDED LAUNCHES HAVE OCCURRED EVERY SIX YEARS SINCE LAUNCH OF DETROL IN 1998

Strong Revenues for New OAB Entrants (with Incremental Differentiation) in a High Churn Market

OAB Branded Product Launch Curves¹



Vibegron Potential in a High Churn Market

- ✓ Potential for **better safety/tolerability than ACH category**
- ✓ EMPOWUR Phase 3 results suggest potential for **better safety/efficacy profile** vs mirabegron²
- ✓ Potential 2nd to market in class (~40+% share) + high churn market + differentiation = blockbuster potential

¹ IQVIA Launch Edition; data for DETROL/DETROL LA and DITROPAN/DITROPAN XL combined

* DITROPAN/DITROPAN LA based on XL peak, as Ditropan peak data unavailable; sales based on WAC of respective years

² Not based on a head-to-head trial



VIBEGRON CLINICAL DATA AND DEVELOPMENT

DO NOT DUPLICATE, DETAIL, DISTRIBUTE, TRANSMIT, FORWARD, OR USE IN ANY PROMOTIONAL MANNER.

EXTENSIVE CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

- In-licensed from Merck in February 2017
- >3,200 subjects dosed with vibegron to date
- Three successful large, placebo control studies completed in over 4,000 patients achieving all primary and secondary endpoints
- Robust clinical pharmacology package (17 studies complete)
- Long-term toxicity and carcinogenicity studies complete

Potential to address the limitations of both anticholinergics and mirabegron and become a highly differentiated β_3 agonist¹

¹ Subject to meeting efficacy endpoints in our Phase 3 EMPOWUR trial and approval by the FDA, including FDA approval of the inclusion of urgency data, rapid onset of action data and a single convenient once-daily dose in the label

VIBEGRON

POTENTIAL POINTS OF DIFFERENTIATION¹

	Vibegron ²	Mirabegron	ACH
Highly selective for human β 3 receptor ³	✓	✗	n/a
Rapid onset of efficacy at 2 weeks	✓	✗	✗
Potential efficacy claim for urgency ⁴	✓	✗	✗
Potential broader efficacy claims	✓	✗	✗
No CYP2D6 drug-drug interactions	✓	✗	Some
No QTc signal	✓	✗	✗
Single convenient crushable dose ⁵	✓	✗	✗
No known dementia risk ⁶	✓	✓	✗

¹ Based on product labels, publicly available literature, and data on file

² Based on clinical trials to date. Vibegron is in Phase 3 clinical development for OAB and has not been approved by the FDA or any other regulatory authority. All potential points of differentiation are subject to verification through further clinical development of vibegron and the review of the FDA

³ Based on in vitro data

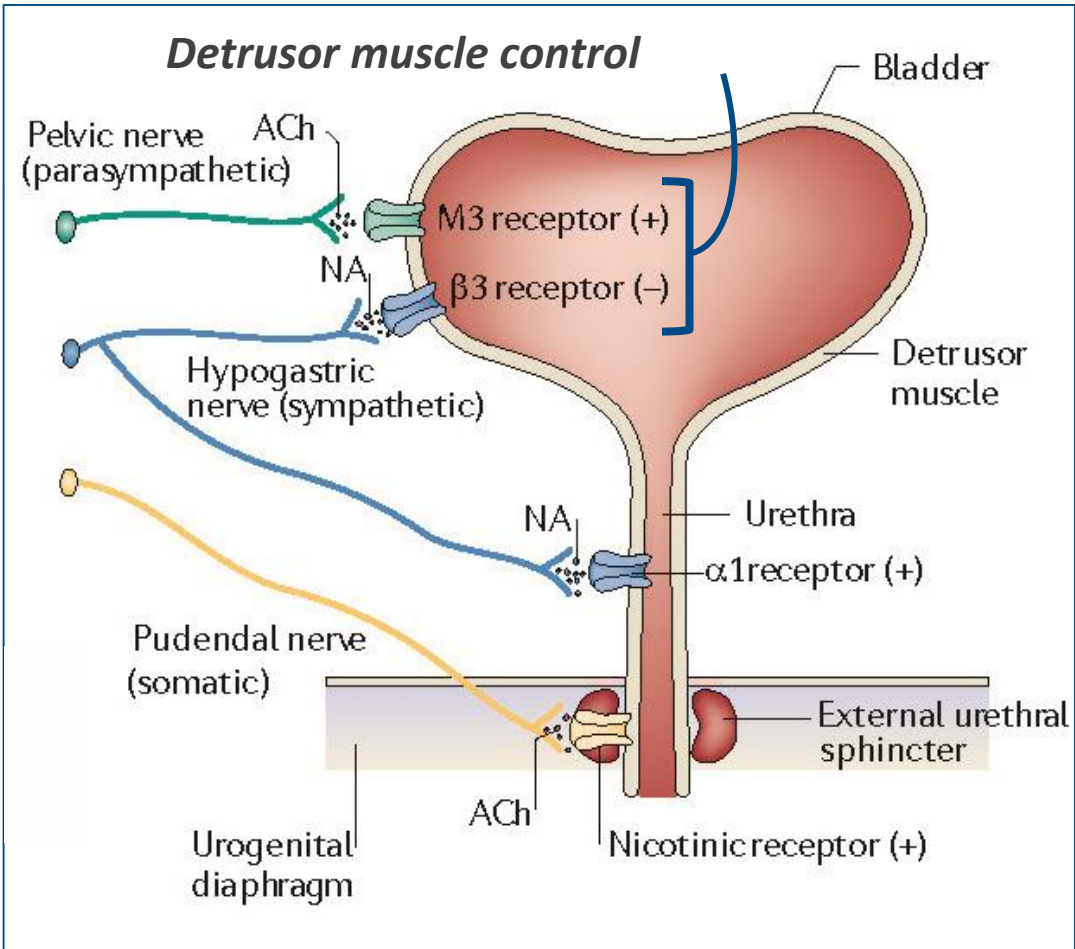
⁴ Subject to approval by the FDA, including FDA approval of the inclusion of urgency data

⁵ Assuming successful result in planned relative bioavailability study or FDA acceptance of in vitro data

⁶ Gray et al. JAMA Intern Med. 2015

VIBEGRON

VALIDATED MECHANISM



- β_3 AR: Most highly expressed adrenergic receptor in bladder detrusor muscle
- β_3 stimulation leads to relaxation of bladder detrusor muscle, increasing capacity and reducing symptoms of OAB with no increase in residual volume

Vibegron is a highly selective β_3 agonist¹:

β -subtype	Vibegron (% Activity)*	Mirabegron (% Activity)*
β_1	0	3.0
β_2	2.0	15.0
β_3	101.0	88.0

*at 10 μ M (exceeds mean human C_{max} values of mirabegron by ~60x and vibegron by ~30x)

- Vibegron does not appear to bind to either β_1 or β_2 adrenergic receptors in a binding competition assay

Reprinted by permission from: *Nature Reviews Neuroscience*. Fowler et al. 2008.

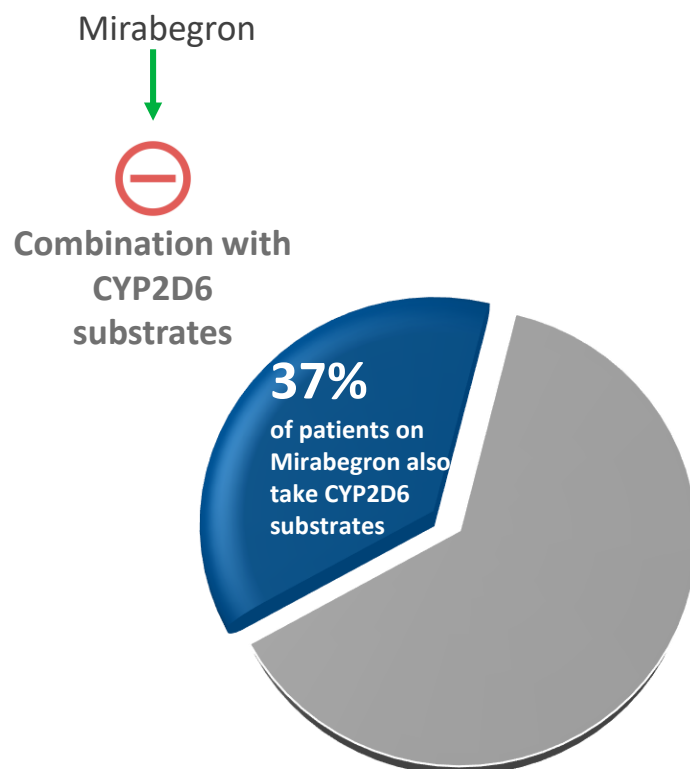
¹ Data on file. Activity shown as a percentage of control activity (β_1, β_3 – isoproterenol; β_2 – procaterol)



VIBEGRON SAFETY DATA

LACK OF CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT DRUG-DRUG INTERACTIONS

Warnings and Precautions:
**Mirabegron is a CYP2D6
 enzyme inhibitor**



- Vibegron, unlike mirabegron, does not inhibit the CYP2D6 enzyme
- CYP2D6 accounts for approximately 20% of clinically used drug metabolism pathways¹

CYP2D6 Substrate Examples – These Drugs are Susceptible to CYP2D6 Inhibitors

Anti-depressants	Opioids	Antipsychotics	Beta-blockers	Anti-arrhythmics	Other
TCAs (e.g. amitriptyline)	Codeine	Haloperidol	Metoprolol	Propafenone	Tolterodine
SSRIs (e.g. fluoxetine)	Oxycodone	Risperidone	Propranolol	Encainide	Dextro-methorphan
Venlafaxine	Hydrocodone	Clozapine	Carvedilol	Flecainide	Ondansetron

- **37% of patients on mirabegron, and 43% of patients on any OAB medication, also take medicines metabolized through the CYP2D6 pathway²**

¹ Zanger et al. Pharmacology & Therapeutics 2013

² IQVIA (IMS) Patient Rx/Dx Claims Analysis March 2014-September 2017



POPULATION

Women and men with OAB wet or dry



DURATION

12-week treatment period plus 40-week extension



KEY ENDPOINTS

Co-primary endpoints:

Change from baseline in daily number of (1) micturitions and (2) urge urinary incontinence episodes

Primary analysis: vibegron vs placebo (powered); tolterodine – active control

No protocol specified statistical comparisons between vibegron and tolterodine

Initiated:
1Q 18

Top-Line Data:
March 2019

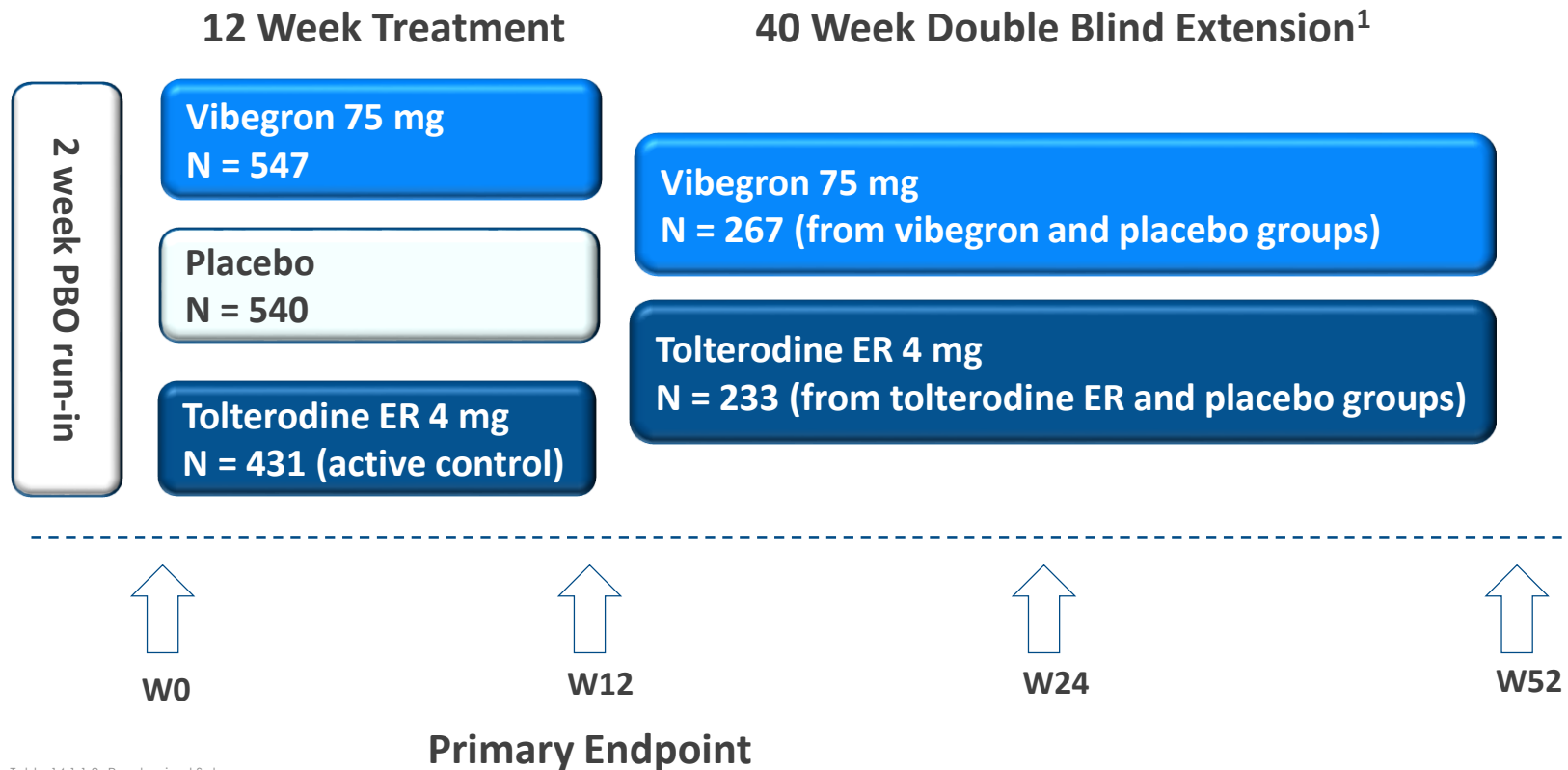


Table 14.1.1.3. Randomized Set
1 Numbers of patients reflect actual enrollment

EMPOWUR RESULTS: VIBEGRON DEMONSTRATED STRONG EFFICACY ACROSS ALL OAB ENDPOINTS

Week 12 LS Mean Change from Baseline (Placebo-Adjusted)

Endpoint	Vibegron	n	p-value
UUI Episodes ²	-0.6	383	<0.0001
Micturitions ²	-0.5	492	<0.001
Urgency Episodes ³	-0.7	492	0.0020
Total Incontinence Episodes ³	-0.7	383	<0.0001
Volume Voided (ml) ³	21.2	490	<0.0001
OAB-q Coping Score ³	3.6	512	0.0038

Tolterodine ¹	n	p-value
-0.4	286	0.0123
-0.3	378	0.0988
-0.4	378	0.0648
-0.5	286	0.0074
13.3	375	<0.001
3.1	401	0.0212

1. Tolterodine was an active control, comparisons vs placebo

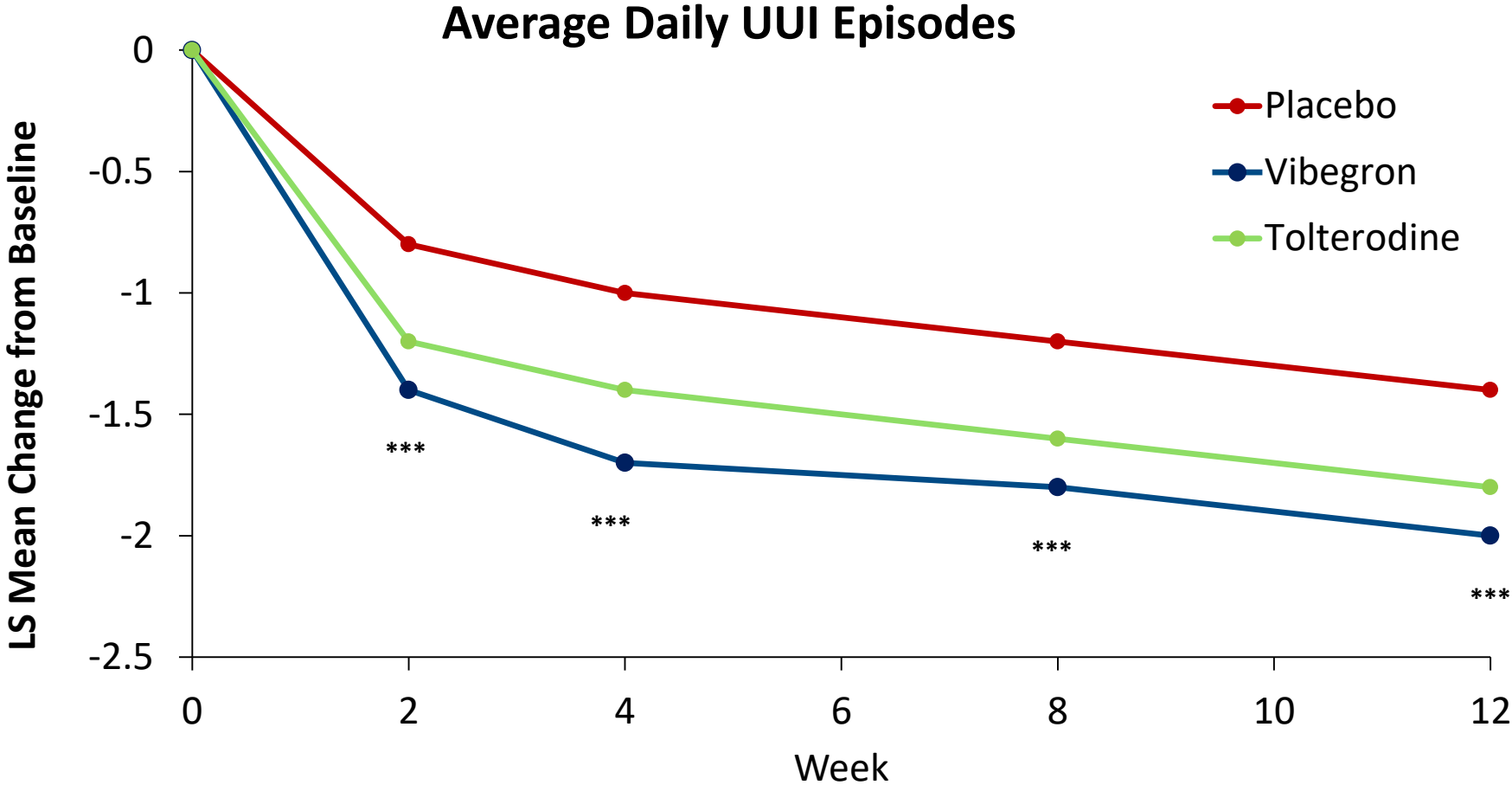
2. Co-primary endpoint

3. Key Secondary Endpoint

LS=Least Squares

VIBEGRON EFFICACY DATA

RAPID ONSET AND SUSTAINED BENEFIT IN PHASE 3 TRIAL

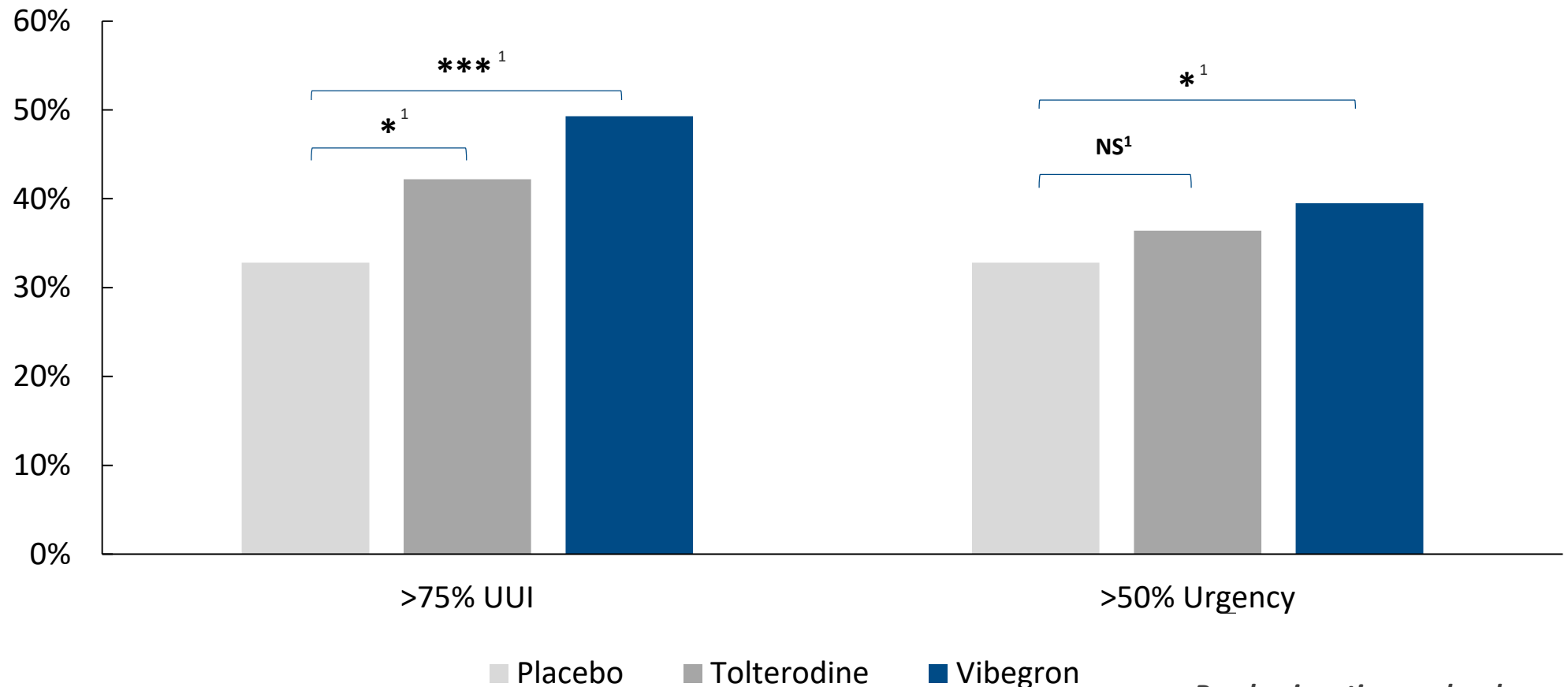


*P-value is vibegron vs placebo
P-value: ***<0.001*

Table 14.2.2.1.2, Full Analysis Set for Incontinence, CFB Least squares mean
Covariates included in the mixed model for repeated measures are study visit, sex, region, baseline number of UUI, and treatment by study visit interaction.

VIBEGRON EFFICACY DATA

>50% OF PATIENTS ACHIEVED A 75% REDUCTION IN UUI EPISODES AT WEEK 12



P-value is active vs placebo
P-values: * <0.05 , ** <0.01 , * <0.001**

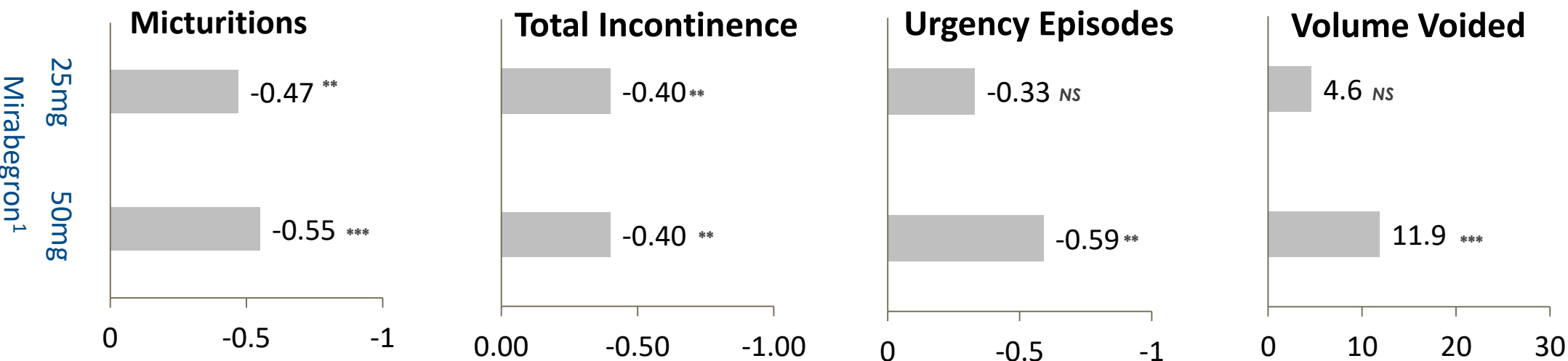
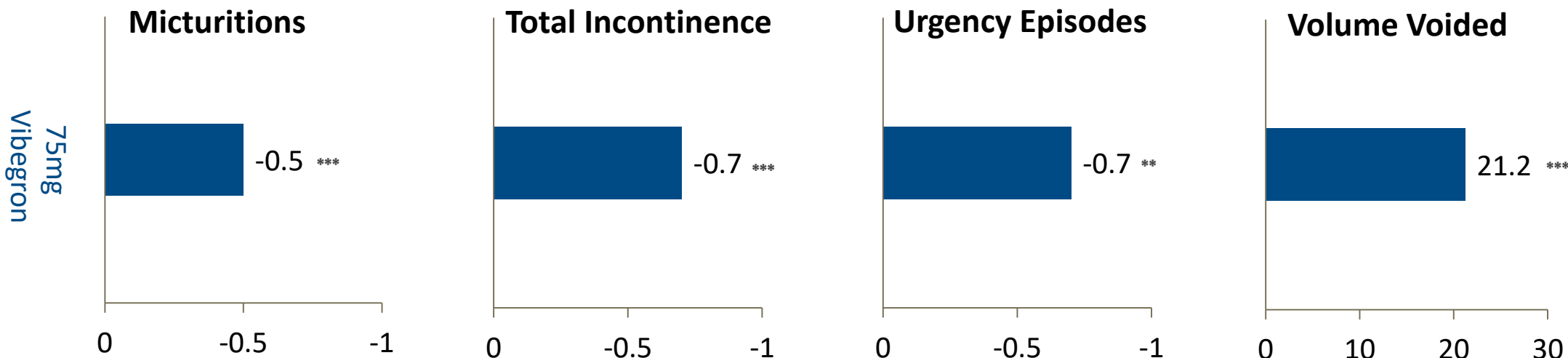
¹ p-values for the difference in proportions between active and placebo were calculated using the Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel risk difference estimate stratified by OAB Type (Wet vs Dry) and Sex (Female vs Male), with weights proposed by Greenland and Robins. MI has been used to impute values missing for any reason at the weeks analyzed. Adjusted proportions are presented.

Table 14.2.4.1.1 Full Analysis Set for Incontinence. 75% Reduction in UUI from Baseline at Week 12
Table 14.2.5.1.1 Full Analysis Set for Incontinence. 100% Reduction in UUI from Baseline at Week 12
Table 14.2.6.1.1 Full Analysis Set 50% Reduction in Urgency from Baseline at Week 12

VIBEGRON PHASE 3 AND MIRABEGRON PHASE 3 RESULTS

The below is not a head-to-head trial. These trials were conducted at different points in time using different trial designs.

Adjusted mean change from baseline to final visit (active – placebo)



¹Data from trial '074, except for 50 mg micturitions, total incontinence, and volume voided which is averaged from trials '046, '047, and '074; trials '046 and '047 did not test the 25 mg dose. For averaged effect sizes, the highest level of significance is shown.

P-values: *<0.05, **<0.01, *<0.001**

VIBEGRON 75MG EMPOWUR AND MIRABEGRON 25MG/50MG CAPRICORN

The below is not a head-to-head trial. These trials were conducted at different points in time using different trial designs. All data are presented as change from baseline (active – placebo)

EMPOWUR (Vibegron)

Endpoint (Week 12)	75 mg Vibegron
Micturitions	-0.5 (<0.001)
Urge Incontinence	-0.6 (<0.0001)
Total Incontinence	-0.7 (<0.0001)
Urgency	-0.7 (0.002)
Volume Voided	21.2 (<0.0001)
OAB-q Bother	-6.9 (<0.0001)
OAB-q Total	3.8 (<0.001)
Onset	
Micturitions	-0.5 (<0.001) Wk 2
Urge Incontinence	-0.6 (<0.0001) Wk 2
Total Incontinence	-0.7 (<0.0001) Wk 2

CAPRICORN¹ (mirabegron)

25mg Mirabegron	50mg Mirabegron
-0.47 (0.007)	-0.42 (0.015)
NS	Not reported
-0.40 (0.005)	-0.42 (0.001)
NS	-0.59 (0.007)
NS	12.4 (<0.001)
NS	-2.8 (0.028)
NS	NS
Onset	
NS	-0.37 (0.035) Wk 4
-0.36 (0.004) Wk 4	-0.39 (0.002) Wk 4
-0.34 (0.039) Wk 4	-0.51 (<0.001) Wk 4

1.Herschorn et al. Urology 82(2), 2013

*All statistical tests were predefined and vary by study and endpoint. Adjusted mean change from baseline to final visit (active – placebo). NS = not statistically significant.

Results are tabulated separately from two phase 3 studies: 25 and 50 mg mirabegron (CAPRICORN) and 75mg vibegron (EMPOWUR)

MOST COMMON ADVERSE EVENTS CONSISTENT WITH PLACEBO (>2% and > Placebo)

AE term n (%)	Placebo N=540	Vibegron N=545	Tolterodine N=430
Headache	13 (2.4)	22 (4.0)	11 (2.6)
Nasopharyngitis	9 (1.7)	15 (2.8)	11 (2.6)
Diarrhea	6 (1.1)	12 (2.2)	9 (2.1)
Nausea	6 (1.1)	12 (2.2)	5 (1.2)

Table 14.3.1.15, Safety Analysis Set. Represents number of patients.

VIBEGRON SAFETY DATA

SELECTED KEY ADVERSE EVENTS

AE term n (%)	Placebo N=540	Vibegron N=545	Tolterodine N=430
Hypertension	9 (1.7)	9 (1.7)	11 (2.6)
Blood pressure increased	5 (0.9)	4 (0.7)	8 (1.9)
Tachycardia	0	0	1 (0.2)
Hypotension	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)
Dizziness	6 (1.1)	5 (0.9)	4 (0.9)
Urinary tract infection	33 (6.1)	27 (5.0)	25 (5.8)
Urinary retention	2 (0.4)	3 (0.6)	3 (0.7)
Dry mouth	5 (0.9)	9 (1.7)	28 (6.5)
Constipation	7 (1.3)	9 (1.7)	6 (1.4)
Fatigue	5 (0.9)	2 (0.4)	6 (1.4)

Table 14.3.1.2 Safety Analysis Set. Represents number of patients.

VIBEGRON IS A POTENTIAL BEST IN CLASS TREATMENT OPTION FOR OAB PATIENTS

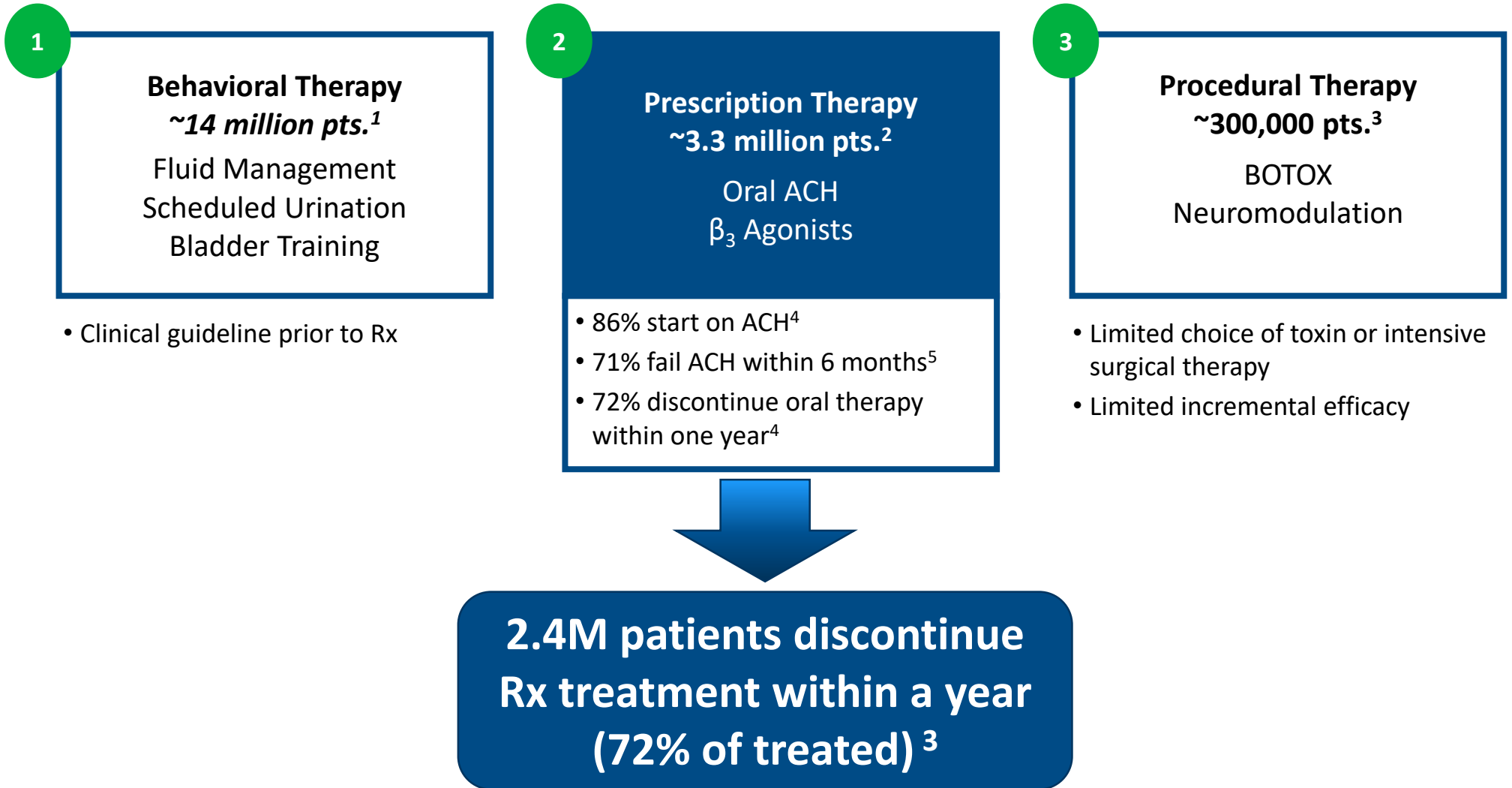
- Strong efficacy results delivered with a once daily 75mg convenient dose
 - Vibegron achieved co-primary endpoints demonstrating statistically significant reduction in daily micturitions and daily urge urinary incontinence episodes (UUI), compared to placebo
 - At all measured timepoints, vibegron achieved numerically better efficacy than tolterodine, the active control in this study, which is a currently available OAB treatment
 - Statistical significance achieved for all seven key secondary endpoints, compared to placebo
- Rapid onset at two weeks in both co-primary endpoints and daily urgency episodes
 - Statistically significant efficacy was maintained at all timepoints measured through the end of the study
- Well tolerated with very few AEs >2% and greater than placebo
- No difference versus placebo in the reported AE of hypertension and no clinically relevant changes in blood pressure
- Potential best in class treatment option for OAB patients



OAB TREATMENT PARADIGM

OPPORTUNITY TO CAPTURE SIGNIFICANT MARKET SHARE

CURRENT TREATMENT PARADIGM:



1 Benner et al., J Urol, 2009

2 IQVIA (IMS) New to Brand Data 2016-2017

3 Allergan, Cogenix, Millennium Research Group

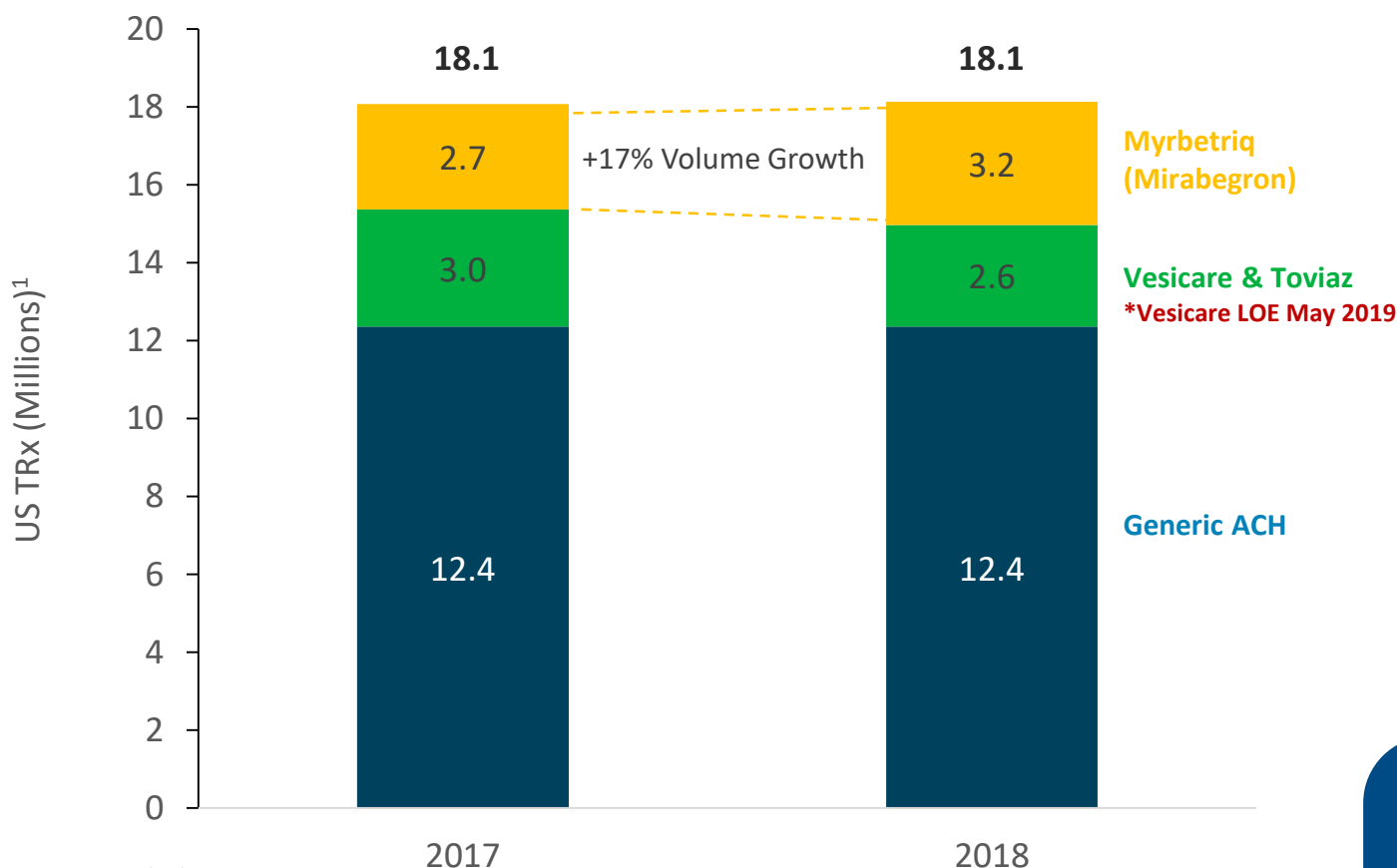
4 IQVIA (IMS) Patient Rx/Dx Claims Analysis Mar 2014-Sept 2017

5 Chancellor et al., Clin Therapies, 2013

6 Based on clinical trials to date. VIBEGRON is in Phase 3 clinical development for OAB and has not been approved by the FDA or any other regulatory authority. All potential points of differentiation are subject to verification through further clinical development of vibegron and the review of the FDA

β3 AGONISTS REPRESENT THE NEXT WAVE OF BLOCKBUSTER THERAPIES IN OAB

Over 18 Million Prescriptions Written for OAB in the US in 2018¹



- Annual brand sales of ~\$2.6 billion²
- β3 agonist continues to take share from ACHs (17%+ US TRx growth in 2018)¹
- FY2018 β3 agonist net sales in the Americas expected to exceed \$800 million (+23% y/y)³

We estimate each percentage point of US OAB market share is currently worth ~\$70 million⁴

1 IQVIA (IMS) NPA Dec 2018

2 IQVIA (IMS) NSP Dec 2018

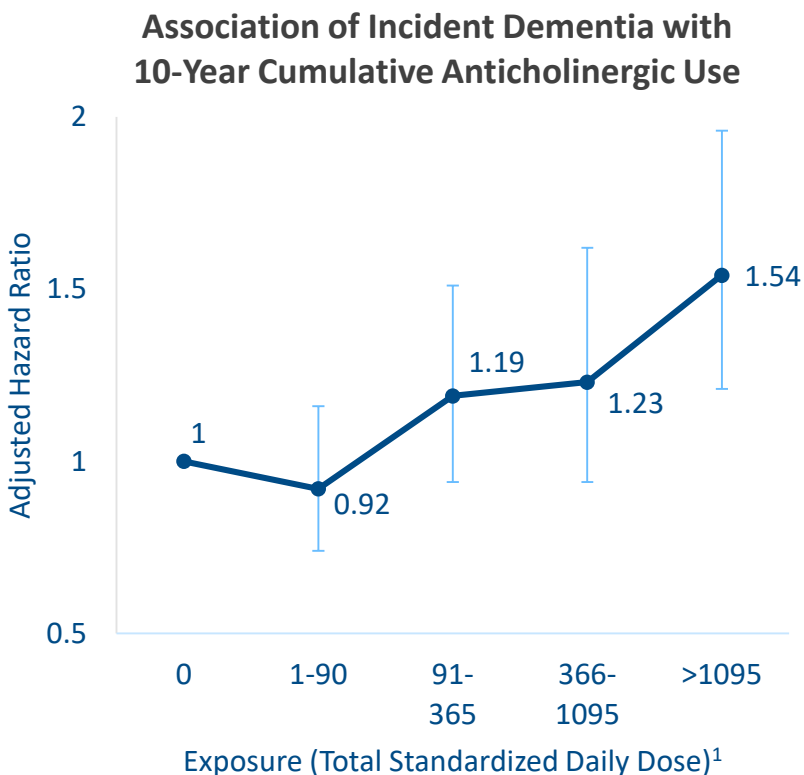
3. Astellas reported projected net sales of mirabegron in the Americas of \$806 million for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019

4 Based on mirabegron's wholesale acquisition cost of \$384.28 per month (PriceRx, Jan 2019) and the over 18 million oral OAB prescriptions in the United States in 2018

ANTICHOLINERGIC USE ASSOCIATED WITH COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT AND DEMENTIA

“Higher cumulative anticholinergic use is associated with an increased risk for dementia. Efforts to increase awareness among health care professionals and older adults about this potential medication-related risk are important to minimize anticholinergic use over time.”

Gray et al., JAMA Intern Med. 2015



The evidence continues to grow:

- Prospective analysis of **>3,400 participants** aged ≥ 65 shows 10-year cumulative dose-response relationship for increased risk of both dementia and Alzheimer’s disease ($p < 0.001$)¹
- **We estimate that exposure to >1.5 years of 10 mg daily oxybutynin would correspond to a 54% increase in the risk of dementia**
- Retrospective analyses of **40,000 patients across >30 studies** establish a **cognitive impairment** relationship²
- ACH use associated with increased use of healthcare resources³

¹ Gray et al., JAMA Intern Med. 2015. Cumulative exposure as a multiple of the minimum effective daily dose. For oxybutynin, the minimum effective daily dose is 5 mg, but the most commonly prescribed dose is 10 mg/day. Each exposure category included over 2,600 person-years of follow-up time.

² Data on file.

³ Wielage et al., J Med Econ 2016.



OUR COMMERCIAL STRATEGY

DO NOT DUPLICATE, DETAIL, DISTRIBUTE, TRANSMIT, FORWARD, OR USE IN ANY PROMOTIONAL MANNER.

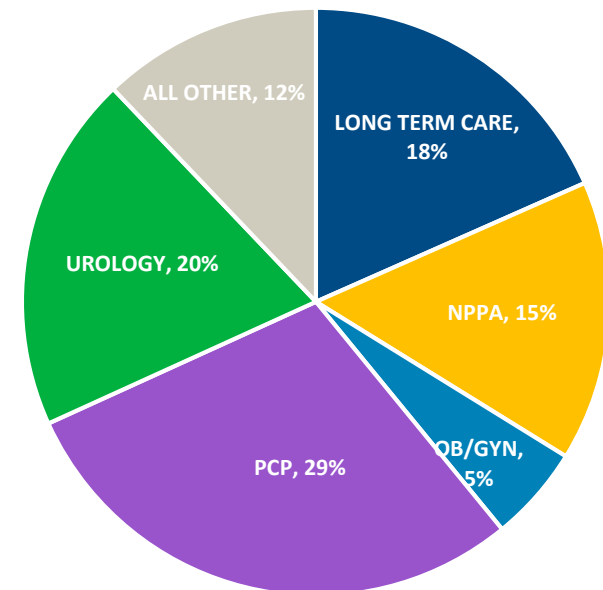
OAB MARKET

URO, NPPA, AND LONG TERM CARE REPRESENT \$3.1B OAB MARKET OPPORTUNITY¹

Over 18 Million Prescriptions Estimated for OAB in the US in 2018¹

- **Urologists/Uro-NPPAs prescribe ~5 million OAB RXs annually and UROs prescribe 31% of all B₃ agonist RXs²**
 - UROs account for \$1.4 billion of total market potential²
 - Managed efficiently with approximately 100 FTE's³
- **LTC highly specialized market requiring expertise and experience**
 - LTC accounts for \$1.2 billion of total market potential⁴
 - Previous company experience leading largest award-winning LTC sales force in industry
 - Vibegron product profile ideal for this segment
- **PCP segment can be scaled market by market or partnered**

OAB RX PROJECTED 2018 VOLUME BY SPECIALTY²



	Number of OAB Rx Writers ⁵	Total 2018 Rx	Average # Rx
URO	10,539	3.6M	339
PCP	142,382	5.5M	37

¹ Estimation based on Myrbetriq WAC 384.29 (Price Rx, Jan 2019) applied to 3.6M Rx URO and 3.3M Rx LTC

² IQVIA (IMS) NPA data ending Dec 2018

³ Estimation based on covering Deciles 5+ of URO OAB Rx writers

⁴ IQVIA (IMS) NPA data ending Dec 2018

⁵ IQVIA (IMS) Prescriber Profiler

US OAB MARKET: PRICING AND COVERAGE

Current Landscape

- Oral OAB category is not highly managed by payors¹
- Branded OAB drugs are well covered: 95% of commercial plans and 100% of Medicare plans cover Myrbetriq²
- Branded agents continue to have pricing elasticity
- Myrbetriq, Vesicare, and Toviaz increased prices by 9%, 9%, and 13%, respectively, in 2017³

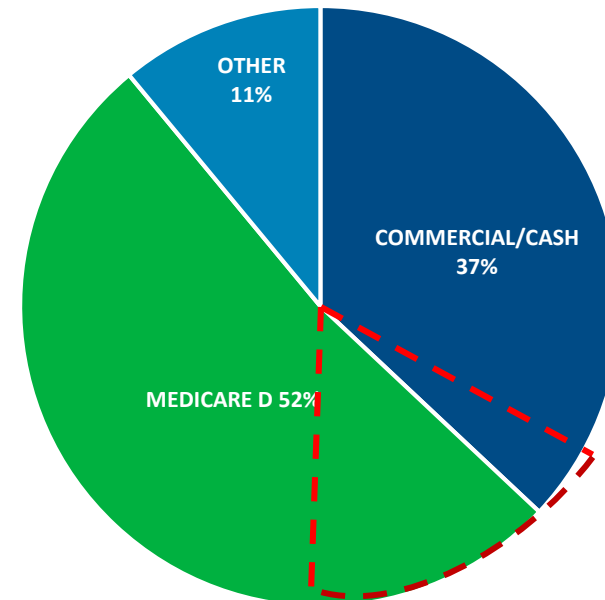
Expectations for Vibegron, if Approved¹

- Vibegron would be managed at a **preferred or non-preferred branded tier, without prior authorization or step edits**
 - Allows physicians and patients to choose whether to pay a higher co-pay for a branded product or a lower co-pay for generic
- Vibegron’s coverage is not anticipated to change following Myrbetriq’s loss of exclusivity

OAB Market: TRx by Payor Type⁴

- Commercial and outpatient Medicare D account for majority of the market TRx

OAB Market: TRx by Payor Type⁴



Long-term care, at an estimated 18%⁵, is a significant portion of OAB prescriptions

¹ Based on two third-party market research studies, commissioned by us in 2018, to assess how Vibegron would be covered, if approved. One research firm interviewed a panel which represented payors covering over 80 million U.S. commercial and Medicare Part D lives. The second research firm interviewed a panel which represented payors covering over 161 million U.S. commercial and Medicare Part D lives.

² 1998-2019 Managed Markets Insights and Technology

³ PriceRX accessed Feb 2018.

⁴ IMS PayerTrak Dec 2018

⁵ IQVIA (IMS) NPA data ending Dec 2018.

ESTABLISH VIBEGRON AS THE OAB BRAND OF CHOICE

Commercial leadership intends to build a best-in-class urology and PCP sales force with the following advantages:



Potential key points of label differentiation



Issues with ACH treatments

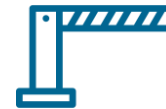


Franchise with potential additional indications and new products

Success to be further enabled by:



Patients motivated to request vibegron



Limited payor barriers

Opportunity to become the class leader; each 1% share of the current US OAB market equals an estimated \$70 million¹

¹ Based on mirabegron's wholesale acquisition cost of \$384.28 per month (PriceRx, Jan 2019) and the over 18 million oral OAB prescriptions in the United States in 2018



GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES

DO NOT DUPLICATE, DETAIL, DISTRIBUTE, TRANSMIT, FORWARD, OR USE IN ANY PROMOTIONAL MANNER.

LIFECYCLE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES: VIBEGRON

OAB IN MEN WITH BPH AND IBS-ASSOCIATED PAIN REPRESENT LIFECYCLE OPPORTUNITIES WITH SIGNIFICANT MARKET POTENTIAL

OAB IN MEN WITH BPH

40 million

Men aged 50 – 80
years old with BPH



>4 million

Treated BPH
patients in the U.S.



>2 million

U.S. BPH patients
with co-morbid OAB

IBS-ASSOCIATED PAIN

30-40 million

Patients with IBS



9-10 million

Patient consult with MD



> 7-9 million

Addressable US patient
Market

IBS population based upon: 1 Rosen et al., Eur Urol 2003. BPH prevalence applied to 2016 population; 2 IMS Health NPA Market Dynamics (2014); 3 Eapen et al., Res Rep Urol. 2016; 4 IQVIA (IMS) NDTI projected BPH patient visits by specialty; 5 Gallegos et al. Pharmacotherapy 2008.

IBS-Associated pain population based upon: 1 IQVIA (IMS) NSP 12-month branded sales ending December 2018; 2 Celtek et al. Gastroenterology 2007; 3 Kelleher et al. Neurogastroenterol Motil 2008; 4 Lovell and Ford. Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol 2012; 5 Canavan. Clinical Epidemiology 2014; 6 Drossman. J Clin Gastroenterol 2009.

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DNA GENE THERAPY OVERVIEW

Clinical Summary

- Plasmid vector that exerts effect by expressing the pore-forming subunit of the Maxi-K ion channel to reduce excitability of detrusor smooth muscle cells
- Studied in two Phase 1 clinical trials in the US in a total of 22 women with OAB
- Phase 1b clinical trial (n=13) showed dose-dependent improvements in daily reductions in number of micturitions, urgency episodes and UUI episodes, achieving statistical significance ($p < 0.05$) in the high dose cohort (24,000 μ g)
- Generally well tolerated with no treatment related SAEs observed

Investigational gene therapy for OAB via direct intradetrusor injections

- Third-line OAB treatments (BOTOX and neuromodulation) generate estimated aggregate annual sales in excess of \$700 million in the US¹
- Potential to address an unmet need for OAB patients who have failed oral pharmacological therapies and are concerned with “toxin” treatments or surgical intervention
- Currently, there are no FDA-approved gene therapy treatments for OAB

1 Urovant estimates based on third-party market research and Cogentix and Allergan filing

BALANCE SHEET HIGHLIGHTS

- \$85.4 million cash as of March 31, 2019*
- \$100 million credit facility with Hercules Capital
 - \$85 million capital draw left on the facility as of March 31, 2019
 - \$30 million accessible through September 30, 2019 as a result of positive phase 3 EMPOWUR data

* Preliminary and unaudited

UROVANT SCIENCES MILESTONES

2018

- Begin enrollment of the Phase 3 vibegron trial in OAB*
- In-license new urology product, URO-902, for OAB*
- Complete enrollment in vibegron Phase 3 trial in OAB*
- Begin enrollment of the Phase 2 vibegron trial in IBS-associated pain*

2019

- Top-line results of the Phase 3 vibegron trial in OAB (March)*
- Begin enrollment of Part 1 of the Phase 3 vibegron trial in OAB & BPH*
- Vibegron long term extension study results*
- Begin enrollment of Part 2 of the Phase 3 vibegron trial in OAB & BPH*
- Begin enrollment of Phase 2a URO-902 trial*

2020

- Submit NDA for vibegron in OAB (early 2020)*
- Top-line results of vibegron trial in IBS-associated pain*
- Top-line results of URO-902 trial in second half 2020*
- Top-line results of vibegron trial in OAB and BPH*

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Investment Highlights



Vibegron: positive EMPOWUR Phase 3 results announced in March 2019

- Achieved statistical significance in both co-primary endpoints and all seven key secondary endpoints with a favorable safety profile
- Potential best in class treatment option for OAB patients
- NDA filing planned by early 2020



Blockbuster potential for vibegron

- OAB category has created multiple blockbuster products due to high unmet need and rapid patient turnover
- Currently marketed β 3 agonist sales in the Americas for FY2018 expected to reach \$800 million (+23% y/y)
- Potential to become a highly differentiated β 3 agonist with opportunity for significant market share across OAB therapies¹



Multiple large-market clinical programs under development

- Potential for vibegron to be the first product approved for OAB in men with benign prostatic hyperplasia, a **2 million patient opportunity**
- Potential for vibegron to address significant unmet need in the **7+ million patients** with pain associated with irritable bowel syndrome (IBS)
- Potential for URO-902 to be **first gene therapy** approved for OAB



Management team with demonstrated track record of success at Avanir Pharmaceuticals and Allergan

- Experienced team in building successful pharmaceutical companies and creating shareholder value
- Vision: To make Urovant **THE Leading Urology Specialty Company**